

National curriculum 2014

Maths objectives - Year 3

Objective	Child Speak Target
Number Place Value	
Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100.	<i>I can count from 0 in steps of 4, 8, 50 and 100.</i>
Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.	<i>I can find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.</i>
Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones).	<i>I know what each digit means in Hundred Tens and Unit numbers such as 204.</i>
Compare and order numbers up to 1000.	<i>I can compare and order numbers up to 1000.</i>
Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations.	<i>I can identify and estimate numbers in different units such as length (mm and m) and weight (g and kg).</i>
Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words.	<i>I read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words.</i>
Solve number problems and practical problems involving working with and estimating numbers up to 1000 in a variety of units.	<i>I can solve number problems, working with numbers up to 1000 and in different units of measurement.</i>
Addition Subtraction	
Add and subtract numbers mentally, including three-digit number and ones.	<i>I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 432 - 7.</i>
Add and subtract numbers mentally, including three-digit number and tens.	<i>I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 432 - 70.</i>
Add and subtract numbers mentally, including three-digit number and hundreds.	<i>I can add and subtract numbers in my head, including questions such as 432 - 300.</i>
Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction.	<i>I can use written methods to add or subtract two three-digit numbers.</i>
Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers.	<i>I can estimate the answer to a question before I work it out and then use inverse operations to check the answer when I have finished.</i>
Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.	<i>I solve problems such as missing numbers (for example, $452 - ? = 122$) using my knowledge of number facts and methods of addition and subtraction.</i>
Multiplication Division	
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.	<i>I know my 3, 4 and 8 times tables.</i>
Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.	<i>I can answer multiplication and division questions such as 16×5 or 45 divided by 9.</i>
Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.	<i>I can solve more complex problems and missing number questions involving multiplication and division.</i>
Fractions	
Count up and down in tenths.	<i>I can count up and down in tenths.</i>
Recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10.	<i>I know that tenths can be found by dividing an object or shape into ten equal parts or by dividing numbers by 10.</i>
Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.	<i>I can find a fraction (such as $2/5$ or $3/4$) of a set of objects.</i>

Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.	<i>I know how to find fractions of a number or shape - such as $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{4}{6}$.</i>
Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators.	<i>I can show that some fractions have the same value - such as $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{10}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{9}$.</i>
Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$].	<i>I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$].</i>
Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators.	<i>I can compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators.</i>
Solve problems that involve my understanding of fractions.	<i>I solve problems that finding, ordering or comparing fractions.</i>
Measurement	
Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml).	<i>I can measure and compare in these units: lengths (m/cm/mm), weight (kg/g) and capacity (l/ml).</i>
Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes.	<i>I can measure the perimeter of a 2-D shape such as a square or triangle.</i>
Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.	<i>I can work on money problems, adding and subtracting amounts of money and working out how much change is left. I use both £ and p in my problems.</i>
Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks.	<i>I can tell and write the time from a clock with numbers or Roman numerals or using 12 and 24 hour clocks.</i>
Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute.	<i>I can tell the time accurately to the nearest minute.</i>
Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours.	<i>I can measure and record time passing in seconds, minutes and hours.</i>
Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight.	<i>I know and use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight in my maths work.</i>
Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.	<i>I know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.</i>
Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].	<i>I can calculate how long an event or task took to complete.</i>
Shape and position	
Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials.	<i>I draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials.</i>
Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them.	<i>I recognise and can describe 3-D shapes even when they have been turned about in different ways.</i>
Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn.	<i>I know an angle is used to measure how far something turns. An angle is also the point in a 2-D shape.</i>
Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn.	<i>I know what a right angles is and I know that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four right angles make a complete turn.</i>
Identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.	<i>I can tell whether an angle is greater than or less than a right angle.</i>
Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.	<i>I know when a line is horizontal or vertical or when two lines are perpendicular or parallel.</i>
Statistics	
Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.	<i>I can answer questions about bar charts, pictograms and tables and make my own bar charts, pictograms and tables.</i>
Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.	<i>I can answer maths problems such as 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' by finding the information in bar charts, pictograms and tables.</i>