## National curriculum 2014

## Maths objectives - Year 2

\section*{| Objective | Child Speak Target |
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| Number Place Value |  |
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| Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward. | . |
| Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones). | . |
| Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line. | I |
| Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100. | . |
| Use greater than, less than and = signs. |  |
| Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. |  |
| Use place value and number facts to solve problems. |  |


| I can count forward and backward in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and make jumps in tens from |
| :--- |
| any number. |
| I know what each digit means in Tens and Unit numbers such as 24. |
| I can find and show numbers on a number line. |
| I can order numbers up to 100 and tell you which numbers are bigger or smaller. |
| I use the greater than, less than and equals signs in maths and know what they mean. |
| I can read and write numbers to 100 in digits and words. |
| I solve problems using number facts such as $18+2=20$ and what I know about the value of digits <br> in a number. | any number.

know what each digit means in Tens and Unit numbers such as 24
can find and show numbers on a number line.
can order numbers up to 100 and tell you which numbers are bigger or smaller

I can read and write numbers to 100 in digits and words.
I solve problems using number facts such as 18+2=20 and what I know about the value of digits in a number.

## Addition Subtraction

Using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures.
Applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.

## Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up

 to 100.Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including a two-digit number and ones.
Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including a two-digit number and tens.
Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including two two-digit numbers.
Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including adding three one-digit numbers.
Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.
Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems

## Multiplication Division

Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers
Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication $(x)$, division $(\div)$ and equals ( $=$ ) signs.
Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of

I answer addition and subtraction maths problems using objects to help me work it out.

I can solve addition and subtraction problems and work out how I answer it on paper or show you how I did it in my head by explaining step by step.
I answer problems with addition and subtraction using my number facts to 20 and other number facts up to 100.
I can add and subtract numbers such as $34-8$ or $52+5$ using objects or pictures to help.

## I add and subtract two-digit numbers using objects to help me

I can add or subtract numbers such as $42-22$ or $56+29$ using objects or pictures to help me.

I can add or subtract three numbers such as $2+5+9$.

I know that adding to numbers together can be done in any order but subtracting numbers can only be done in one order.

I can check my answers or solve missing number problems by doing an inverse check.

I know my 2 and 5 and 10 times tables by heart and can tell whether a number is odd or even.

I use multiplication ( $x$ ), division $(\div$ ) and equals $(=$ ) signs when writing out my times tables.

I know that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order, but that the division of
one number by another cannot.
Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.
numbers can only be done in one order.
I can solve multiplication and division problems using times table facts and objects or pictures to help me.

## Fractions

Recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity.
Write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2
I can find $1 / 3$ or $1 / 4$ or $2 / 4$ or $3 / 4$ of a shape, length or set of objects.

## Measurement

Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm})$; mass $(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g})$; temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres $\left./ \mathrm{ml}\right)$ to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.
Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and =.
Recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence ( $p$ ); combine amounts to make a particular value.
Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money.
Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.
Compare and sequence intervals of time.
Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.
Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.

## Shape and position

Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line.
Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.
Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid].
Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.
Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.
Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).

## Statistics

Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.
Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.
Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.

I can choose, use and measure the correct unit to measure length or height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); weight ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; or capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ).

I can compare and order lengths, weight and capacity and then record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and equals.
I know and use the symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence ( $p$ ) and can add together different amounts of money, such as 253 p and $£ 2$.
I can find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money.
I have solved money problems such as how much change do I get from 50p if I buy an apple for 35p?
I can put the time of events in order.
I can tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.
I know there are 60 minutes in an hour and 24 hours in a day.

I can describe the properties of some 2-D shapes, including the number of sides they have and facts about their symmetry.
I can describe the properties of some 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, faces and vertices they have.
I can tell you which 2-D shapes appear as the faces on 3-D shapes, such as triangles on a pyramid.
I can compare 2-D and 3-D shapes with everyday objects around me.
I can order combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.
I can describe my position, direction and movement, including describing turns as quarter, half and three-quarter turns in clockwise and anti-clockwise directions.

I can read and construct picture graphs, tally charts and tables.
I can sort objects into categories and tell you how many objects are in each category and show which category has the most.
I work on sorting objects and can answer questions about the groups of objects I have sorted.

